

PMS 11

Particle Counter Specifications



V1.2 1/17

Table of Contents

1.	Overview	3
2.	Working Principle	4
3.	Technical Specifications	5
4.	Electrical Specifications	6
5.	Communication Protocol	7
6.	Dimension	15
7.	Precautions for Installation and Operation	.16
8.	Notice and Warning	.17



1. Overview

PMS 11 series is an embedded and remote particle counter specially designed to provide solutions for the online monitoring industry of atmospheric environment. It is widely used in filter testing, dust monitoring and other air monitoring systems.



1 Inlet

2Outlet

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	VCC	Device power supply (positive)	12V
2	GND	Device grounding	
3	TX(A)	Communication sending pin	(RS485+) serial sending
4	RX(B)	Communication receiving pin	(RS485-) serial receiving
5	NC		

Table 1 Definition of Hardware Interface

V1.2 3 / 17



2. Working Principle

This monitor relies on MIE scattering principle to monitor the concentration of particles. When the outside air passes through the light collection chamber uniformly, the particles in the sampled gas will scatter through the light beam. The photoelectric collection unit converts the scattered light signal into a voltage pulse signal, which is converted into a digital signal after pre-amplification and AD conversion. The number of voltage pulses measured is the number of particles, and the amplitude of voltage pulses reflects the size of optical equivalent size of particle. The standard substance is used to calibrate the monitor after the particle conversion, so as to determine the concentration of particles in the testing environment.

2.1 MIE scattering principle

A scattering occurred when the diameter of particles in the atmosphere is equal to the wavelength of radiation is called the MIE scattering. The scattering intensity of MIE scattering is inversely proportional to the second power of the wavelength. Unlike Rayleigh scattering enjoying a symmetrical distribution, MIE scattering has stronger scattering in the forward direction than in the backward direction, with a more obvious directivity.

2.2 Optical-mechanical structure and principle

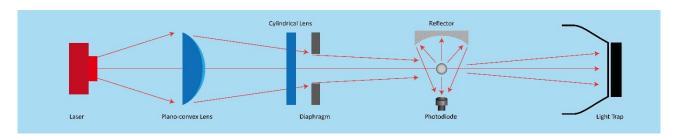


Fig. 1 Analysis Chart of Light Refraction

V1.2 4 / 17



3. Technical Specifications

PMS 11		Unit	Note
Particle Size Range	0.3μm,0.5μm, 0.7μm,	P/L	Customize
	1.0μm, 2.5μm, 5.0μm		
Concentration Range	105,900	P/L	
Repeatability	≤±30% of Relative Standard Deviation	-	-
Resolution	1	Р	-
Light Source	Laser Diode	-	-
Sampling Period	6	S	
Communication	RS485	-	
Flow Rate	1.1 (0.04)	L/min (CFM)	Accuracy ±5%
Weight	350	g	-
Operation Environment	5 ~45 ,<90%RH	-	
Storage Environment	-10 ~50 ,<90%RH	-	
Size	113*88*38	mm	Excluding air inlet and outlet

Table 2 Specifications of Particle Counter PMS 11

V1.2 5 / 17



4. Electrical Specifications

4.1 Electrical properties

Standard output (Temperature 25 , Humidity 0-50% RH and 12V power supply voltage).

Parameters	Values	Unit
Rated voltage	DC 12	V
Standby current	30	mA
Average current	350	mA
Maximum current	400	mA
Starting current	700	mA
High-level input voltage	6	V
Low-level input voltage	-6	V
High-level output voltage	6	V
Low-level output voltage	-6	V

Table 3 Electrical Properties

4.2 Absolute limit values

The reliability of the device may be affected under the limit conditions for a long time.

Exceeding the following parameters range (Table 4) may cause permanent damage to the device.

Parameters	Range
Power supply voltage	11.5-12.5V
Voltage at I/O pin	-6-6 V
Working temperature range	-10-60 °C
Storage temperature range	-20-70 °C
Working humidity range	0-95%RH (non-condensation)
Lightning surge	2KV
Static electricity	1KV for terminal test; 8KV for test voltage of other surfaces

Table 4 Absolute Limit Values

V1.2 6 / 17



5. Communication Protocol

UART parameters:

-- Baud rate: 9600

-- Data bit: 8

-- Check bit: None

-- Stop bit: 1

Communication mode:

-- RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Address:

-- The default factory address of the monitor is 0x01 (or 0xFE, as Any Sensor).

Command mode:

-- The slave (monitor) is in the receiving state, only responding to the command of the host, not actively sending the command. As the monitor needs 6 seconds to start, it will NOT response to any command after the waiting time elapse.

Working mode:

- -- Continuous measurement: The monitor works continuously.
- -- Intermittent mode: The sampling time/sampling interval can be set (The intermittent time can be set by the users, and the monitor normally responds to the command of the host during the intermittent mode)
- -- The default factory setting of the monitor is intermittent mode, measuring for 60 seconds and stopping for 60 seconds.

Checksum:

-- CRC-16(Modbus), with high bytes before low bytes.

V1.2 7 / 17



5.1 Format of host communication protocol

Restrictions:

- 1. Read-only register and read-write register are not allowed to overlap.
- 2. Bit addressing (coil and discrete input) cannot be realized.
- 3. Only achieved writing the single register function, writing multi-register is not supported.
- 4. The total number of registers is limited; it currently supports 32 input registers and 32 hold registers.
- 5. The current version does not support file transfer with large amount of data.
- 6. See table 1 and table 2 for register details. All registers are 16-bit words and register address is register number -1.

See Table 5 for the description of Input Register.

Data No.	Address	Definition
IR1	0	For later extended use
IR2	1	For later extended use
IR3	2	For later extended use
IR4	3	>0.3μm, high bytes
IR5	4	>0.3μm, low bytes
IR6	5	>0.5μm, high bytes
IR7	6	>0.5μm, low bytes
IR8	7	>0.7μm, high bytes
IR9	8	>0.7μm, low bytes
IR10	9	>1.0μm, high bytes
IR11	10	>1.0μm, low bytes
IR12	11	>2.5μm, high bytes
IR13	12	>2.5μm, low bytes
IR14	13	>5.0μm, high bytes
IR15	14	>5.0μm, low bytes
IR16	15	For later extended use

V1.2 8 / 17



IR17	16	For later extended use
IR18	17	For later extended use
IR19	18	For later extended use
IR20	19	For later extended use
IR21	20	For later extended use
IR22	21	For later extended use
IR23	22	For later extended use
IR24	23	For later extended use
IR25	24	For later extended use
IR26	25	For later extended use
IR27	26	For later extended use
IR28	27	For later extended use
IR29	28	For later extended use
IR30	29	For later extended use

Table 5 Input Register

See Table 6 for the description of save register.

Data No.	Address	Definition		Meaning	
IR1	0		For later extended use		
			Command	Parameter	
IR2	1	Special command register		0x06 Start Measurement	
			0x7C		
IR3	2	Address setting register		Slave Address (1-247)	
IR4	3	Mode switching register	0x0	00 Continuous Working Mode	
			0x0	1 Intermittent Working Mode	
IR5	4	Sample interval register	0xxx Sample interval setting (20~3600s)		
IR6	5	Intermittent interval register	0xxx Inte	ermittent interval setting (20~3600s)	
IR7	6	0.3µm particle calibration	User com	puting coefficient multiply by 10,000	
		coefficient		(2000-65535)	
IR8	7	0.5μm particle calibration	User com	puting coefficient multiply by 10,000	
		coefficient	(2000-65535)		
IR9	8	0.7μm particle calibration	User computing coefficient multiply by 10,00		
		coefficient		(2000-65535)	

V1.2 9/17



IR10	9	1.0µm particle calibration	User computing coefficient multiply by 10,000
		coefficient	(2000-65535)
IR11	10	2.5µm particle calibration	User computing coefficient multiply by 10,000
		coefficient	(2000-65535)
IR12	11	5.0 µm particle calibration	User computing coefficient multiply by 10,000
		coefficient	(2000-65535)
IR13	12		For later extended use
IR14	13		For later extended use
IR15	14		For later extended use
IR16	15		For later extended use
IR17	16		For later extended use
IR18	17		For later extended use
IR19	18		For later extended use
IR20	19		For later extended use
IR21	20		For later extended use
IR22	21		For later extended use
IR23	22		For later extended use
IR24	23		For later extended use
IR25	24		For later extended use
IR26	25		For later extended use
IR27	26		For later extended use
IR28	27		For later extended use
IR29	28		For later extended use
IR30	29		For later extended use
IR31	30		For later extended use
IR32	31		For later extended use

Table 6 Description of Save Register

V1.2 10 / 17



5.2 Format of host communication protocol

The response length of slave is not fixed and changed according to the command of host (Table 7).

Start symbol 1	Start symbol 2	Slave address	Command	High data length	Low data length	High data 0	Low data 0
0x4A	0x43	ADDR	CMD	LENH	LENL	DATA0H	DATA0L
High data 1	Low data 1			High data N	Low data N	High check	Low check
DATA1H	DATA1L			DATANH	DATANL	0xXX	0xXX

Table 7 Response Format of Slave

Note: The address/function code is defined by the host (After modifying the device address, the address in the protocol is updated to the new address); see 5.3 command example for the specific response data of slave.

5.3 Command examples

Application Conditions:

- a. Assume as a single sensor (any sensor, use address 254)
- b. The value is hexadecimal data
- c. Take the address bit as 0xFE for example

5.3.1 Obtaining the concentration value

Read the number of particles above 0.3 μ m, 1.0 μ m, 2.5 μ m.

Example:

number of particles above $0.3\mu m$: 0x00002316 (actual value is 8982 P/L), number of particles above $1.0\mu m$: 0x00001016 (actual value is 4118 P/L), number of particles above $2.5\mu m$: 0x00000616 (actual value is 1558 P/L).

	Read the number of particles above 0.3µm:								
	0xFE 0x04 0x00 0x03 0x00 0x02 0x95 0xC4								
Host	Read the number of particles above 0.7µm:								
	0xFE 0x04 0x00 0x04 0x00 0x02 0x24 0x05								
	Read the number of particles above 2.5µm:								
	0xFE 0x04 0x00 0x05 0x00 0x02 0x75 0xC5								

V1.2 11/17



	Read t	Read the number of particles above 0.3µm:								
	0xFE	0x04	0x04	0x00	0x00	0x23	0x16	0x6C	0x75	
Slave	Read t	the n	umbe	r of pa	rticles	abov	e 0.7µ	ım:		
	0xFE (0x04	0x04	0x00	0x00	0x10	0x16	0x78	0x85	
	Read t	the n	umbe	r of pa	rticles	abov	e 2.5µ	ım:		
	0xFE	0x04	0x04	0x00	0x76	0xE5				

Read the number of particles above 0.3μm, 0.5μm, 1.0μm, 2.5μm, 5.0μm.

Example:

number of particles above $0.3\mu m$: 0x00002316 (actual value is 8982 P/L), number of particles above $0.5\mu m$: 0x00001D4C (actual value is 7500P/L), number of particles above $0.7\mu m$: 0x00001914 (actual value is 6420P/L), number of particles above $1.0\mu m$: 0x00001016 (actual value is 4118P/L), number of particles above $2.5\mu m$: 0x00000616 (actual value is 1558P/L), number of particles above $5.0\mu m$: 0x00000140 (actual value is 320P/L).

Host	0xFE	0x04	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x0C	0x14	0x00				
	0xFE 0x00	0x04	0x18	0x00	0x00	0x23	0x16	0x00	0x00	0x1D	0x4C	0x00
Slave	0x19 0x01	0x14	0x00	0x00	0x10	0x16	0x00	0x00	0x06	0x16	0x00	0x00
	0x40	0x40	0xD8									

5.3.2 Start/Stop

After the host sends the Start/Stop command, the slave performs the corresponding action and returns the response command.

Example:

Host OxFE 0x06 0x00 0x01 0x7C 0x06 0x6C 0XC7 Stop Measurement:		Start Measurement:								
Stop Measurement:	Host	0xFE 0x06 0x00 0x01 0x7C 0x06 0x6C 0XC7								
	Stop Measurement:									
0xFE 0x06 0x00 0x01 0x7C 0x07 0xAD 0X07		0xFE 0x06 0x00 0x01 0x7C 0x07 0xAD 0X07								

V1.2 12 / 17



	Start Measurement:										
Slave	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x01	0x7C	0x06	0x6C	0XC7			
Stop Measurement:											
	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x01	0x7C	0x07	0xAD	0X07			

5.3.3 Setting Slave Address

After the host sends the **Setting Slave Address** command, the slave performs the corresponding action and returns the response command.

Example:

Host	0xFE 0x06 0x00 0x02 0x00 0x03 0x7C 0X04
Slave	0xFE 0x06 0x00 0x02 0x00 0x03 0x7C 0X04

5.3.4 Read Device Address

After the host sends the **Read Device Address** command, the slave performs the corresponding action and returns the response command.

Example: The Device address is 03.

Host	0xFE	0x03	0x00	0x02	0x00	0x01	0x31	0xC5
Slave	0xFE	0x03	0x02	0x00	0x03	0xEC	0x51	

5.3.5 Switching Continuous/Intermittent Working Mode

After the host sends the **Switching Continuous/Intermittent Working Mode** command, the slave performs the corresponding action and returns the response command.

Example:

	Continuous Working Mode:											
	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x00	0x6D	0XC5				
Host	Inter	Intermittent Working Mode:										
	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x01	0xAC	0X05				
	Cont	inuou	s/Inte	rmitte	nt Mo	de:						
Slave	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x00	0x6D	0XC5				
Siave	Inter	Intermittent Working Mode:										
	0xFE	0x06	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x01	0xAC	0X05				

V1.2 13 / 17



5.3.6 Write Hold Register Continuously

The calibration coefficient must be written continuously if using the 0x10 function, the 0x10 can only be used to write registers. Using the 03 function code can read the calibration coefficient.

Example: The actual coefficient is k(0.3μm):1.2345 k(0.5μm):1.2345 k(0.7μm):1.2345

k(1.0μm):1.2345 k(2.5μm):1.2345 k(5.0μm):1.2345

The coefficient that need to send is 1.2345*10000 = 12345 = 3039 (hexadecimal)

	0xFE	0x10	0x00	0x06	0x00	0x06	0x0C	0x30	0x39	0x30	0x39	0x30
Host	0x39											
	0x30	0x39	0x30	0x39	0x30	0x39	0x3A	0xFA				
Slave	0xFE	0x10	0x00	0x06	0x00	0x06	0x54	0x04				

V1.2 14 / 17



6. Dimension

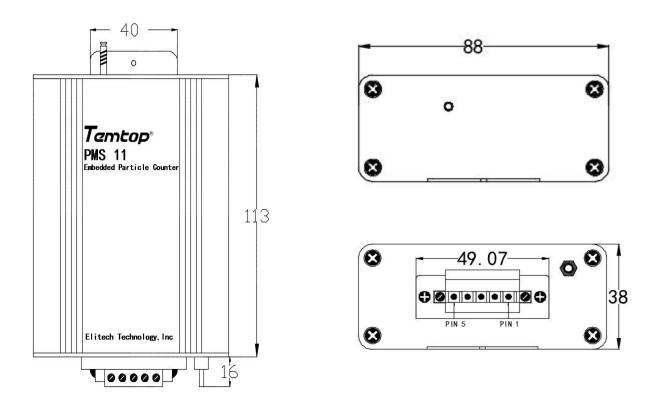


Fig.2 Dimension Drawing of PMS 11

V1.2 15 / 17



7. Precautions for Installation and Operation

7.1 Recommended installation method

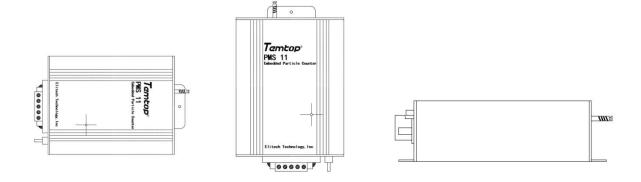


Fig. 3 Correct Installation Method

7.2 Wrong installation method

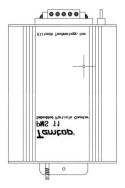


Fig. 4 Wrong Installation Method

V1.2 16 / 17



8. Notice and Warning

CAUTION

- Please read this specification carefully before purchase, otherwise, Temtop and Elitech Technology, Inc. are not responsible for any possible danger, damage, or losses.
- As the device is not directly in contact with the monitoring environment (for example, installed in the
 equipment enclosures), the air inlet of the monitor shall be connected to the external probe of the
 enclosure, with the length of the connecting hose between them controlled within 30cm, so as to
 obtain accurate measurement results of sampling;
- The external probe of the enclosure shall have the ability of wind proof, coarse filtration and waterproof.

WARNING

- Please install the device referring to 8.2. It is forbidden to open the device shell for use.
- The device is equipped with a laser transmitter internally, which may cause the operation personnel to be accidentally exposed to laser radiation due to private maintenance. The maintenance of the device shall be performed by the manufacturer's special personnel.
- The implementation of product technical indicators should be used in a standard atmospheric pressure environment. The manufacturer will not be responsible for any errors in the introduction of products and data and product damage in any high-pressure/low-pressure environment.
- Elitech Technology, Inc., Temtop and Lekong (Shanghai) Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. shall not
 be liable for any faults caused by improper use of this product. Such faults will be deemed to be
 beyond the scope of warranty service, and manufacturers can provide paid service assistance.

Please be noted that the specifications, functions, interfaces, etc. of the product may be different from the content shown in the manual due to improvements and upgrades. Please kindly confirm the latest information and information with your sales representative.

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V1.2 17 / 17